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# MODUL PENINGKATAN AKADEMIK TINGKATAN 5 TAHUN 2021

#### MODUL 1

## **BAHASA INGGERIS**

# KERTAS 1 SATU JAM TIGA PULUH MINIT

## JANGAN BUKA MODUL INI SEHINGGA DIBERITAHU

#### Arahan:

- Modul ini mengandungi lima bahagian: Bahagian 1, Bahagian 2, Bahagian 3, Bahagian 4 dan Bahagian 5.
- 2. Jawab semua soalan.
- Tulis semua jawapan anda di dalam kertas jawapan yang disediakan di muka surat 14 dan 15.

#### Instruction:

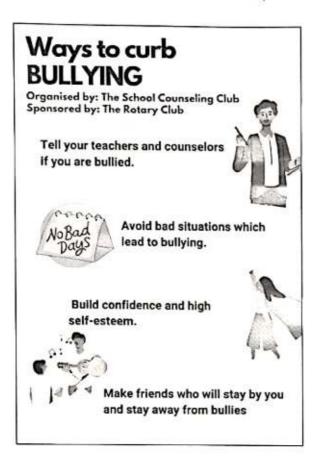
- This module has five parts: Part 1, Part 2, Part 3, Part 4 and Part 5.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- Write all your answers on the answer sheet provided on page 14 and 15.

Bahagian	Markah Penuh	Markah Diperolehi
1	8	
2	10	
3	8	
4	6 .	
5	8	
Jumlah	40	

Modul ini mengandungi 15 halaman bercetak

#### Part 1 Questions 1 to 8

Read the text carefully in each question. Choose the best answer A, B or C. For each question, mark the correct answer A, B or C on your answer sheet.



- 1. Which of the following statements is true?
  - A You have to keep the bully incident to yourself.
  - B You can stop bullying if you make friends with the bullies.
  - C The anti-bullying campaign is financially supported by the Rotary Club.

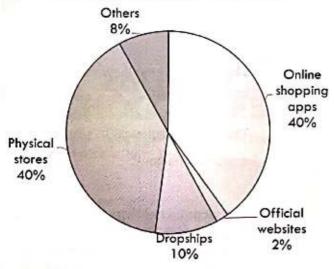
# Internet love scam

After befriending an attractive person (who is usually foreign) online, he or she tells a tale about falling into trouble or hard times. The scammer persists with the story to gain the victim's trust and adoration, then asks for money as proof of love. Once the money is transferred, the scammer disappears.

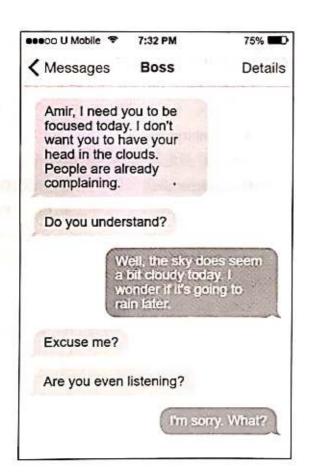
Source: https://www.scamalert.sg/scamdetails/internet-love-scam

- 2. Which of the following is true about internet love scam crime?
  - A The scam does not necessarily involve money.
  - B The victims are more common among women.
  - C Internet love scam is a threat for both men and women alike.

# Teenagers' Shopping Preference



- 3. Which of the following statements is true about teenagers' shopping preference?
  - A Official websites are the least preferred by teenagers.
  - B The majority of teenagers choose to shop at physical stores.
  - C Most teenagers would rather shop at Shopee or Lazada than the walk-in stores.



- 4. From the conversation, we know that
  - A Amir is always distracted.
  - B Amir is being complimented.
  - C Amir is apologising to his boss.

PUTRAJAYA: A 5-year-old boy died in hospital yesterday two hours after he was believed to have fallen from the 10th floor of an apartment block in Presint 17 here.

The body of Muhammad bin Abdullah was found on a walkway next to a badminton court on the ground floor of the block by a cleaner at about 8 am.

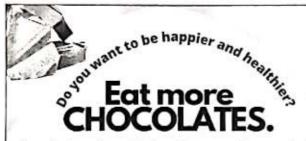
District police chief Assistant Commissioner Rosly Hassan said the victim was left alone at home as he was asleep when his father went to drop off the boy's mother at her workplace.

Adapted from New Straits Times, March 2016

In today's modern and fast-paced society, teenagers have had to rush through life and begin adulthood earlier than the generations before. Many teens have also been expected to make this step in life without the help of a parent or mature adult because they are too busy with their own lives. The media has replaced parents' jobs of teaching their children about life and surrounds teens with mature themes which affect teenagers either in a positive or negative way.

- 5. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
  - A The cleaner found the victim on the badminton court.
  - B The boy was believed to slip from the apartment balcony.
  - C The victim was left by himself because he was sound asleep.

- 6. Which of the words below can best describe today's teenagers?
  - A Ambitious
  - B Independent
  - C Responsible



Experts have found that eating a small amount of dark chocolate a day:

- · relieves stress
- · improves memory
- · increases concentration
- reduces risk of heart problems

Convinced yet? Well, best of all...
it can also help you LOSE WEIGHT!

- 7. How does eating dark chocolates relate to one's happiness?
  - A The more chocolates you have, the healthier you will be.
  - B One feels glad to shed some kilos from eating dark chocolates.
  - C Eating dark chocolates helps regulate mood and gives you extra energy.



When haters go after your looks and differences, it means they have nowhere left to go. And then you know you're winning!

I have Aspergers and that means I'm sometimes a bit different from the norm. And - given the right circumstancesbeing different is a superpower.

#aspiepower

- 8. The tweet by Greta Thunberg implies that
  - A she hates people who ridicule other's looks.
  - B she is taken aback by people who commented on her Asperger's syndrome.
  - C she regards her Asperger's syndrome as her strength rather than her weakness.

Questions 9 to 18.

Read the text below and choose the best word for each space. For each question, mark the correct letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.

# Is Loud Music Making Us Deaf? By Henry Wallwork

it is amplified music at teenage music fans wa	rs enjoy (0) listening t discos, live music at gigs on the volume (9)	r listening to their ov . However, a	wn iPods or MP3 players, recent study reveals what
every parent dreads. Lishearing.	stening to loud music can ac	iversely (10)	a young person's
adolescents suffers fro databases to see if ther Around 15% of 12 to 1 to 1994. However, this	American study at a sm some form of hearing re was (12) or 9-year-olds reported some statistic (13) problems occurring. (14) _	problems. The scienthange in hearing loadegree of hearing loadegree to 19.5% in 20	ntists also looked at two ss over the last 20 years. ss in the years from 1988 05 and 2006 –with more
at risk from hearing pro However, hea	oblems than teenage girls.  string problems do occur is recently issued a warning	n other age groups	in other countries. The
through headphones n Marketing studies (16) to MP3 players and iPo	10 years because ow. This problem is unlikethat majority ds at maximum volume for UK found that 66% of MP3 anded 85 decibels.	cely to disappear in of young people in hours every day. The	the foreseeable future. Europe and the US listen Royal National Institute
rule. This means limiting volume at any one time	ng problems, whatever your ng (17) to e. Follow this simple rule to essage is as clear as a bell —	60 minutes of music avoid hearing probl	e at 60% of the maximum ems in the future. The
		(Jt)	ust English, March 2011)

0.	A.	listen	B. listens	C. listening	D.	listened
9.	A.	in	B. up	C. down	D.	on
10.	A.	affect	B. effect	C. consume	D.	strike
11.	A.	Any	В. А	C. An	D.	The
12.	A.	many	B. any	C. much	D.	a few
13.	A.	rise	B. rose	C. rises	D.	rising
14.	A.	Recently	B. Consequently	C. Fortunately	D.	Interestingly
15.	A.	by	B. on	C. between	D.	within
16.	A.	show	B. shows	C. showed	D.	showing
17.	A.	ourselves	B. themselves	C. yourself	D.	myself
18.	A.	expert	B. experts	C. expert's	D.	experts'

You are going to read a story. For questions 19-26, choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) and mark the correct letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.

When Chandra, a farmer in Indonesia, saw his baby girl for the first time, he wept. "When my child was born, I was thankful," he says. Yet, as he looked at his little daughter closely, the dreams he had built for her came crashing down. His baby waved her hand. There should be five tiny fingers, however they were fused together into a club. There was also a sunken dip in her forehead and her dark eyes protruded. In tears, he wrapped her in a blanket before handing her to his wife with a shaky smile. They named her Karunia, meaning "bounty" or "prize" in Indonesian.

Then, Chandra called the village pastor to help break the news of their daughter's condition to his wife, Angelina. "The pastor came and prayed before he spoke," Chandra recalls. "My body was shivering upon hearing the confession of my husband. I just cried and wondered why God had entrusted this to me," says Angelina.

Karunia was born with Apert syndrome, a genetic condition in which the bones merge together too early in the womb. It affects the skull, hands and feet. While treatment is available, there is no cure. As a baby, Apert syndrome gave Karunia a difficult start to life. It caused her pain, high fevers and sometimes she struggled to breathe. Chandra and Angelina hated seeing their daughter's suffering, but worst still were the stares and fearful looks people in the community gave their girl.

Neither Chandra or Angelina had a good education and they struggled to care for Karunia, who needed specialised care. from the help came However, local Compassion Survival Programme. With support and education from the staff, Angelina and Chandra gradually had a better understanding of their baby's situation. Gradually, their fears and anxieties lessened, and they accepted her condition. Through home visits and activities at the Compassion centre, the staff encouraged them to think positively about their baby. Today, they are Karunia's higgest fans and fiercest advocates

"I started to feel strong," says Angelina.
"I told my husband that I love her even more."
Early intervention from the Compassion
Survival Programme, including monthly
medical check-ups, helped Karunia to become
healthy. The staff helped the family to access a
government programme for low-income
earners that funded a special surgery to create
fingers on her right hand, while the programme
covered the costs of her medicine. A second
surgery followed in 2017 to provide her with
more mobility in her right hand.

When she was old enough, a healthy Karunia graduated from the Child Sponsorship Programme, where she has impressed staff with her courage and ability to learn. "I love to play with my friends at school and at the centre," beams Karunia. Agnes Singel, Karunia's teacher, explains, "I wasn't sure about her ability in the first semester, but now, I'm sure she is one of the best students in the class. She is focused and quickly understands the lessons." Karunia may not know it, but she is a trailblazer.

Perhaps her greatest accomplishment is something she may not even be aware of yet. Karunia lives in a small community in east Indonesia, where physical differences are rare. She is the first to be born with Apert syndrome in her area, and her condition still attracts stares and hurtful comments. "There are some who bully Nia," says her father. "They mock her by saying, 'Hey, look, it's Nia, the deformed girl'."

But with the support of her parents, family members and programme staff, Karunia is a confident young girl who not only accepts her condition but most notably is changing the community's mindsets. "'You are God's gift'," Chandra firmly tells her. "When they bully you, you can say that you are God's gift and not a creation of any man." "When my friends mocked me because I don't have normal fingers, my mom taught me to say back to them that this is what God gave me." To those who know her, Karunia is a gift. God has a purpose for her.

Adapted from: https://blog.compassion.com/apert-syndrome-karunia-new-photos/

- 19 In Paragraph 1, why did Chandra smile unsteadily to his wife? A He was excited with the birth of their child. В He was nervous to reveal the truth to his wife. C He was worried that his wife would leave his family. D He was relieved God had given them a baby girl. In Paragraph 3, what was the biggest challenge faced by Karunia's parents? A Karunia had to struggle to breathe. B There was no cure for Apert syndrome. C Their daughter had a difficult start to life. D The villagers' perception towards Karunia. What can we conclude from Paragraph 4? Time is crucial for people to change. B Education is the key factor to reduce anxieties and fears. C Getting and giving support can bring about positive changes. D Compassion Survival Programme is well-known in Indonesia. 22 In Paragraph 5, Compassion Survival Programme helped Karunia when it A paid for her surgery. B created fingers for Karunia. C made her mother to be a strong person. D checked Karunia's condition regularly. 23 In Paragraph 6, why do you think the writer uses the word trailblazer? A To highlight Karunia's success despite her syndrome. B To recognise Karunia as the best student in her class. To celebrate Karunia's graduation from the programme. C D To show Karunia's courage to focus on her lessons. What is Karunia's greatest success? A She fights her bullies back. В She changes people's mentality. C She brings others closer to God. D She accepts her fate. 25 Karunia is said to be God's gift because she has achieved great success in life. A B her syndrome has proven the community wrong. C her condition has enhanced her parents' maturity. D she has managed to overcome all her hardships well.
  - volunteers who do charity work must be like angels. A
  - mothers must be grateful for the children they give birth to. В

26 The followings are the lessons which can be learnt from the story except

- challenges in life can be overcome through great teamwork. C
- human beings should persevere in facing any tests from God. D

#### Questions 27 to 32

You are going to read an article about emojis. Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A to H the one which fits each gap (27 to 32). There are two extra sentences which you do not need to use.

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.
Emojis
According to Professor Vyv Evans of Bangor University, emoji is the UK's fastest-growing language, evolving faster than any language in history. These little electronic images came to life in Japanese mobile phones in the 90s and are now hugely popular. In the UK they are becoming more popular than internet abbreviations like 'lol' or 'xoxoxo'. Stroll along New York's Museum of Modern Art and you would stumble upon the impressive display of the first set of the 176 original emojis. 27.
Why do we love them so much? 28. Emojis are able to make people laugh and allow us to be creative in how we use them. Teenagers love emojis because they are quick and easy.
People also really identify with their favourite emojis. The emojis we choose can reflect our personality. What does your recently used emoji board say about you? Is it full of smileys or unhappy faces? 29. Until 2015 when the 'cheese wedge' arrived, British people were constantly whining about the lack of cheese!
Getting the right emoji can be an arduous task. Emojis do not always represent the people that use them. However, after many years of public anger and campaigning, things are changing. 30. Recent updates also included opposite gender pairs, so we have a 'dancing man' to match the 'dancing lady'.
Interestingly, emojis are also used in campaigns. Did you know that the 'eye in speech bubble' or 'I Am A Witness' emoji represents speaking out about online bullying? 31.  McDonalds, in their 'good times' campaign, use a series of emojis on a billboard to tell a story of a frustrating day given a happy ending by a visit to McDonalds.
What is the future of emojis? They are already shaping social media as existing and new platforms evolve to incorporate and respond to their use. Is emoji evolving so rapidly that it will soon compete with English as a global language? Or is technology changing so fast that emojis will soon be forgotten when the next big thing comes along? 32. What do you think? Keep your eyes open for new developments!
Adapted from: https://learnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/uk-now/read-uk/emojis

A	Businesses and companies have also used emojis in their business strategies.	Е	Unfortunately, it didn't turn out as expected when graffiti artists started vandalising the blank white space in the emoji.
В	You can also tell a lot about a person's traits from their emoji complaints.	F	They allow us to personalise text and have fun as we express ourselves.
С	It is hard to predict and even technology and language experts are divided on the subject.	G	Now, with the addition of green bell pepper and blueberry emoji, we're encouraged to eat healthily.
D	Instead of just cartoon-yellow people and faces, we now have the option for five different skin colours.	н	They have even inspired the runways in Paris and are even recognised as art!

#### **Questions 33 to 40**

The statements below are about five people and the places they visited. Read the texts below and answer all the questions that follow.

# Travelling Around the World

#### A - Bart Axellson (Venice, Italy)

Away from the bustling masses of the Rialto Bridge lies a maze of courtyards, cafés and canals. Front doorsteps lead into the water, and what you might at first construe to be a dead end could turn out to be an idyllic spot to watch the gondolas float by. When you're bewildered, take a water taxi out of the labyrinth into the laguna.

#### B - Kierra Gentry (Angkor Wat, Cambodia)

It's the combination of beauty and scale that provides the wow factor for this temple, the principal monument in a complex that includes Hindu and Buddhist temples in their hundreds. Arrive early to catch the sunrise and miss the crowds, and make the most of that famous view from across the moat, where Angkor Wat is reflected in the water.

#### C - Edwin Friedman (Abu Simbel, Egypt)

These big, old and beautiful monuments are so great they were actually built twice. Originally carved out of a cliff to honour Ramses II in the 13th century BC, the Great Temple and smaller Temple of Hathor were then cut up and relocated, block by block, in the 1960s to save them from the waters of the Nile, caused by the creation of Lake Nasser. Secure on the new riverbank, the 33m-high facade impresses and interrogates visitors, just as it has for thousands of years.

#### D - Tito Santana (Vancouver Island, Canada)

You sometimes hear them before you see them: the whoosh of air as they breathe before diving. Or you'll see the huge dorsal fin of an adult male as he slices through the water, and then realise there is in fact a whole family pod. Out on the water, you in your flimsy-seeming kayak, you realise just how big and powerful they are.

#### E - Park Ji-Sung (East Malaysia, Malaysia)

Waiting in anticipation on the forest floor, you scan the canopy above for a flash of orange. After listening to the guide's orang utan calls, you suddenly lay eyes on these human-like creatures as they make their long-limbed way through the trees. Sanctuaries such as Sepilok in Sabah and the Semenggoh Wildlife Rehabilitation Centre in Sarawak are the easiest places to get a good glimpse; in the forest you'll need lots of luck.

### F - Deepika (Santorini and Crete Islands, Greece)

A great place to visit if sightseeing, fine food, and walking are your main interests. Weather is nice by northern European standards but usually not warm enough for swimming or suntanning. Santorini and Crete are the best islands to visit but unfortunately, there are no ferries during winter between the two islands so you'll need to fly via Athens if you want to visit both.

Adapted from wanderlust.co.uk

## Questions 33 to 36

Which paragraph (A - E) describes the following statements of tourist attractions?

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet

	Statements	Paragraph
33	This place gives you an opportunity to get up close with marine life.	
34	The monuments were rebuilt to save them from natural disaster.	
35	The places where animals are conserved.	
36	It is one of the biggest religious complexes in the world.	
	tions 37 to 40	
	olete the notes below using information from the text. Choose no the passage for each answer.	more than one word
Mark	your answers on the separate answer sheet.	
	What We Know About Globetrotting	
• v	risiting Venice is like you are in a (37) and	will easily get lost.
• V	When visiting temples, the (38) of the	e area is so vast that
so	ometimes it will take half a day to cover.	
• 0	orcas swim to the surface to (39) before	e getting back into the
w	rater.	

TAMAT

We are able to get a (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of wildlife by visiting their natural habitat.