Grammar Conjunctions

| Conjunction | Usage | Example |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| and | To join two sentences with <br> the same or similar ideas | - Sandy likes singing. <br> - Sandy likes dancing. <br> Sandy likes singing and dancing. |
| but | To join two sentences with <br> different ideas | -I want to go Singapore by bus. <br> - He insists on taking the plane. <br> I want to go Singapore by bus but he <br> insists on taking the plane. |
| because | To give reason | -Danny was punished. <br> - He did not do his homework. <br> Danny was punished because he did not <br> do his homework. |
| so | To show cause and effect | - The children are tired. <br> - They go to bed early. <br> The children are tired so they go to bed <br> early. |


| or | To show a choice or <br> possibility can be made | - Would you prefer tea? <br> - Would you prefer coffee? <br> Would you prefer tea or coffee? |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| if | To show a condition | - You work harder. <br> - You will pass your examination. <br> If you work harder, you will pass your <br> examination. |
| although | To show contrast <br> (beginning / middle) | - It is raining heavily. <br> - They continue with the climb. <br> Although it is raining heavily, they <br> continue with the climb. |
|  |  | - Nobody wants to live in that mansion. <br> - It is beautiful. <br> Nobody wants to live in that mansion <br> although it is beautiful. |

